**Early Political Parties Review Topic #1:**

**Thomas Jefferson’s goal for the young United States was for it to become a truly democratic society. He wanted the United States to be a nation where there would be as much political and economic equality as possible.**

Questions:

(Complete on a separate sheet of white lined paper)

1. What type of economic activities and policies did Jefferson promote?
2. Explain, why Jefferson believed that his economic ideas would lead to a more democratic and equal society?
3. Describe Jefferson’s ideas on government power. (What types of people should have political power? Which should be more powerful - national or state governments?)
4. Explain, why Jefferson believed that his ideas on government power would lead to a more democratic and equal society?

**Early Political Parties Review Topic #2:**

**Alexander Hamilton’s goal for the young United States was for the nation to be politically stable, and economically strong.**

**Questions:**

\*Complete on a separate sheet of white lined paper

\*\* Use 11.4, First Political Parties Chart.

1. What type of economic activities and policies did Hamilton promote?

2. Explain, why Hamilton believed that his economic ideas and policies would lead to a strong national economy for the United States?

3. Describe Hamilton’s ideas on government power. (What types of people should have political power? Which should be more powerful - national or state governments?)

4. Explain, why Hamilton believed that his ideas on government power would lead to a stronger and more stable national government.

**Early Political Parties Review Topic #3: Jefferson and the Sedition Act:**

We can learn a lot about Thomas Jefferson’s beliefs on government and civil liberties(rights) through an examination of his response to the Sedition Act.

**Questions:**

\*Complete on a separate sheet of white lined paper

\*\* Use 11.5, 11.6, First Political Parties Chart, and your notes on Constitutional Interpretation.

1. Did Jefferson support or oppose the Sedition Act? Explain his point of view on the Sedition Act.
2. What Thomas Jefferson did in reaction to the Sedition Act? (Describe with specific examples)
3. Does Jefferson’s point of view on the Sedition Act illustrate a “strict” or “loose” interpretation of the Constitution? WHY?

**Early Political Parties Review Topic #4:**

 Hamilton and the Whiskey Rebellion

Questions:

\*Complete on a separate sheet of white lined paper

\*\* Use your 1793 Key Decision, 11.4, and, the First Political Parties Chart

1. Describe Hamilton’s economic policy (tax) that upset farmers in western Pennsylvania.

1. Explain **how** Alexander Hamilton wanted to handle the Whiskey Rebels?
2. Explain **WHY** did Hamilton want to handle the rebellion this way?
3. What does Hamilton’s handling of the Whiskey Rebellion show about his ideas on the use of government power?